

DRINKING WATER SOURCE PROTECTION

ACT FOR CLEAN WATER



Nickel
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FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

<p>What is Source Water Protection?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Source water protection is simply protecting water resources such as lakes, rivers and groundwater, from contamination or overuse. • Water is critical to all aspects of our lives. Protecting the sources of our water is important to ensure that there is enough safe water for all our uses - now and in the future.
<p>What are our water sources?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Our water comes from two major sources: surface water and groundwater. • In Sudbury, municipal drinking water comes from three surface water sources: the Vermilion River for residents in Lively, Naughton and other areas in the west part of Greater Sudbury; and Ramsey Lake and the Wanapitei River for residents in the central and east parts of Greater Sudbury. • Municipal groundwater systems serve the residents of Levack, Dowling, Onaping, Garson, Falconbridge, Capreol, Valley East, Azilda and Chelmsford. • About 70% of Greater Sudbury residents get their water from municipal surface water; about 20% get water from municipal groundwater; and about 10% have their own private well or surface water intake.
<p>Why is it important to protect sources of drinking water?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We need to protect the sources of our water in order to safeguard the public health of our residents and ensure there is enough water for all. • Treating water for drinking is very costly. As a result, conventional water treatment methods cannot always remove many hazardous chemicals.
<p>Don't we have an unlimited supply of fresh water in Canada?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We do not have an infinite supply of water on our planet. Most of the water we use is recycled through the natural water cycle. It falls to earth as precipitation, is absorbed by plants and soil and then evaporates back into the atmosphere where the cycle begins again. Some of the water we use is thousands of years old. • Our supply of groundwater can be depleted if water is taken out of the ground more quickly than it can become naturally recharged.
<p>What is the best way to protect source water?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We protect sources of water by managing the human and natural influences on them. We need to prevent contaminating or overusing our water resources. • Water flows within watersheds, therefore it is best to manage our water resources on a watershed basis. • As water flows across the watershed, it crosses forests, farmlands, towns and cities. Along the way it is affected by different activities. • The fewer negative impacts on our sources of water throughout the watershed the better the chance that the water coming out of our taps will be healthy. Protecting our sources of drinking water is absolutely essential to our health.

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<p>How do we make sure our drinking water is safe now?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A number of actions are taken to prevent our water from becoming contaminated ensuring that it is safe and clean from source to tap. • These include protecting sources of water by monitoring and managing our lakes, rivers and streams, using up to date water treatment systems, ensuring that the pipes, watermains and storage towers are in good repair, water testing and training water managers.
<p>How are our sources of water threatened?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Both the quality of our water and the amount available can be threatened by different activities. Some of the threats to our water include: • Natural contaminants • Irresponsible land use activities which contaminate our water or take too much out. • Urban development can make it difficult for water to filter into the ground in order to replenish groundwater sources. When this happens, water just flows across the surface of land rather than percolating down to aquifers. • Air pollution from vehicles, industrial emissions and other sources fall directly on surface waters or enter water sources through surface runoff. • As a result of climate change, there is also concern that the warming of the Earth's atmosphere will reduce the amount of water available in lakes, rivers and streams due to reduced precipitation and increased evaporation.
<p>How can we best protect sources of water?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lakes, rivers, streams and other sources of water are best protected with proper planning involving a variety of water users. • A source water protection plan is a <i>management strategy</i> designed to minimize the impact that human and natural activities have on the quality and supply of our water resources. • Source protection plans include physical information about our watersheds, identify sensitive areas where water resource supply and/or quality is threatened, provide scientific data about the quality and supply of current water resources, and include up to date mapping, computer projections about future water resources and recommendations to manage the impacts of harmful activities.

For more information on this document please contact:

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